## **B.A III year (History)**

## Paper-II

(Objectives according to MCQ pattern)

Muzaffar Husain

## Swami Dayananda Saraswati

(J.S College)

- He was a social and religious reformer of 19<sup>th</sup> century
- Born on 12<sup>th</sup> Feb 1824 at **Tankara** (Gujrat)
- Original name was Mul Shankar
- He learnt Sanskrit and vedas in childhood
- He started wandering over the meaning of life after his sister and uncle death
- Married in teen age but wanted to spent an ascetic life and so he left home for 15 years (1845-1860) at different places of northern India
- Seeking truth of life and gave up all material goods and luxuries
- He started practice 'Yoga'
- He received education from the teacher Swami Virajananda at Mathura (U.P)
- He understood that Hinduism strayed away from its roots and had been tainted to restore the true religion and need to go "Back to Vedas"
- He preached against the giving of donations to priest .He was dead against the rituals and superstitions
- He extolled spiritualism and nationalism and appealed the people to fight for Swaraj
- He respect cows for prosperity of nation and adoption of Hindi for national integration
- He emphasized on the importance of education of all children and preach the respect and equal rights for women
- He founded "Arya Samaj" at Bombay on April 7,1875, through this reform movement, he stressed on One God and rejected idol worship. He also criticised the respectful position of priest in Hinduism
- He established Vedic school for the education of girls and boys of all castes.
  All the books and dresses given free. The Vedic scriptures were taught especially in these school
- He started "Suddhi" Movement to reconvert people who had converted from Hinduism to other faiths forcefully or willingly

- He worked for the widows
- He wrote many books. The notable book was "Satyarath Prakash"in Hindi and other books were "Ved Bhashya"in Sanskrit and "Ved Bhashya Bhumika"in both Hindi and Sanskrit
- The person who were influenced by the personality of Dayananda Saraswati were Shyamji Krishna Verma, M.G Ranade, V.D Savarkar, Lala Hardyal, Madan Lal Dhingrea, Bhagat Singh, Swami Vivekananda, Subhash Chandra Bose, Bipan Chandra pal, Vallabh Bhai Patel and Romaine Ronald etc.
- Dayananda Saraswati was poisoned during the stay at the palace of the Maharaja of Jodhpur, Jaswant Singh-II and died on 26<sup>th</sup> Oct.1883 in the age of 59 years
- After the death in 1883,a difference arose among the followers of Arya Samaj over the question of education, resulting a split in 1892.one section known as the "Gurukula Section" led by Swami Shardhanand advocated the adoption of the ancient system of Hindu education and established institutions for boys only as first opened at Haridwar. The other one called the "Colleges Section" led by LalaLajpatRai and Hansraj for the spread of English Education and established a number of Dayananda Anglo Vedic (DAV) schools or colleges for both boys and girls and first found at Lahore